

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A method of processing a received signal, comprising the steps of:

detecting within said received signal a plurality of possible symbols ( $d_k(i)$ ) transmitted by or for a plurality  $K$  of users, each of the plurality of possible symbols belonging to a modulation constellation and being the subject of a spectral spreading by means of a spreading sequence, said method step of detecting comprising:

filtering said received signal, said filtering step ( $310_1, \dots, 310_K$ ) adapted for supplying a complex vector ( $y(i), \tilde{y}(i)$ ) characteristic of said received signal, wherein and including decomposing said complex vector is decomposed into a first real vector ( $y^R(i), \tilde{y}^R(i)$ ) and a second imaginary vector ( $y^I(i), \tilde{y}^I(i)$ );

searching separately for and in that at least the a closest neighbors of the first real vector and a closest neighbor of the imaginary vector second vectors are sought (330, 331) within a respective real and imaginary lattice of points ( $\Lambda, \Omega$ ) generated by corresponding to said modulation constellations constellation; and

estimating the transmitted symbols being estimated from the from components of said closest neighbors of the real vector and the closest neighbor of the imaginary vector so as to produce a vector of estimated symbols.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): The ~~detection~~ method according to Claim 1, wherein the spreading sequences sequence ( $s_k(t)$ ) consist of real multiples ( $s_k^0(t)$ ) of the same a corresponding complex coefficient ( $\sigma$ ).

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): The ~~detection~~-method according to Claim 1, wherein ~~the search is the step of searching is~~ limited to a first set of points in the real lattice belonging to a first predetermined zone ( $\Sigma_R$ ) around the ~~first~~real vector and a second set of points in the imaginary lattice belonging to a second predetermined zone ( $\Sigma_I$ ) around the ~~second~~imaginary vector.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): The ~~detection~~-method according to Claim 1, wherein ~~the search the step of searching is~~ limited to a first set of points in the real lattice belonging to a first predetermined zone ( $\Sigma_R$ ) around the origin and a second set of points in the imaginary lattice belonging to a second predetermined zone ( $\Sigma_I$ ) around the origin.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): The ~~detection~~-method according to Claim 3, wherein said first and second predetermined zones ( $\Sigma_R$  and  $\Sigma_I$ ) are spheres of probability.

Claim 6 (Currently Amended): The ~~detection~~-method according to Claim 1, wherein ~~the step of searching the search for the closest neighbor of the first~~the step of searching ~~real vector is effected~~ ~~on~~includes searching a plurality of components thereof, the searching of the plurality of components being limited for each of said components to an interval defined for a lower bound and an upper bound, said upper and lower bounds being chosen so that said interval ~~does not comprise~~excludes points relating to symbols which mathematically cannot belong to the modulation constellation.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): The ~~detection~~-method according to Claim 1, wherein ~~the search~~the step of searching for the closest neighbor of the ~~second~~imaginary vector ~~is effected~~ ~~on~~includes searching a plurality of components thereof, the searching a plurality of

components being limited for each of said components to an interval defined for a lower bound and an upper bound, said upper and lower bounds being chosen so that said interval ~~does not comprise~~excludes points relating to symbols which cannot belong to the modulation constellation.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): The ~~detection~~-method according to Claim 1, wherein, prior to the search for the closest neighbor of the real vector, the ~~first~~real vector ( $y^R(i)$ ) is subjected to a matrix processing (320) ~~aimed at~~to substantially ~~decorrelating the~~decorrelate different noise components thereof.

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): The ~~detection~~-method according to Claim 1, wherein, prior to the search for the closest neighbor of the imaginary vector, the ~~second~~imaginary vector ( $y^I(i)$ ) is subjected to a matrix processing (321) ~~aimed at~~to substantially ~~decorrelating the~~decorrelate different noise components thereof.

Claim 10 (Currently Amended): The ~~detection~~-method according to Claim 1, wherein said ~~search-step of searching includes searching is extended to the search~~ for a first set of points which are ~~the closest neighbors of~~to said ~~first~~real vector, ~~referred to as first neighbors,~~ and searching for a second set of points which are closest to said ~~second~~imaginary vector, ~~referred to as second neighbors,~~ and in that the transmitted symbols are estimated ~~flexibly via~~a soft detection from

symbols generating corresponding to said first and second neighbors sets, and  
a first set of distances separating points of said first set from said real vector  
and a second distance set of distances separating points of said second set from said

~~imaginary vector. and distances separating said first neighbors from the first vector on the one hand and said second neighbors from said second vector on the other hand.~~

Claim 11 (Currently Amended): The ~~detection~~ method according to Claim 1, wherein the contributions of each user to the ~~signals~~ received signal obtained by the adapted filtering step are determined from the estimated symbols ~~and in that, for a given user  $k$ , the contributions of the other users~~ to the received signal corresponding to ~~the transmitted~~ symbols already estimated are eliminated at the ~~an~~ output of the filtering step.

Claim 12 (Currently Amended): The ~~detection~~ method according to Claim 1, wherein the contributions of each user to the received signal are determined ~~(340)~~ from the estimated symbols and in that, for a given user  $k$ , ~~the contributions of the other users~~ corresponding to ~~the transmitted~~ symbols already estimated are eliminated at the input of the filtering step.

Claim 13 (Currently Amended): The ~~detection~~ method according to Claim 1, wherein, the symbols of said  $K$  users ~~being~~ are transmitted synchronously, and said lattice of points is of dimension  $K$ .

Claim 14 (Currently Amended): The ~~detection~~ method according to Claim 11, wherein, the symbols of said  $K$  users ~~being~~ are transmitted asynchronously and ~~propagating~~ propagated along a plurality of paths, ~~the and a~~ dimension of the lattice is equal to ~~the a~~ number of symbols of the different users which ~~may~~ are mathematically possible interfering symbols ~~interfere~~ and are not yet estimated.

Claim 15 (Currently Amended): A communication device ~~for detecting a plurality of symbols ( $d_k(i)$ ) transmitted by or for a plurality  $K$  of users, each symbol belonging to a modulation constellation and being the subject of a spectral spreading by a spreading sequence, the device,~~ comprising:

a processor configured to implement the method recited in any one of Claims 1-14.  
~~means for implementing the method claimed according to one of the preceding~~  
~~claims.~~

Claim 16 (Currently Amended): A receiver for a DS-CDMA mobile telecommunication system comprising ~~a detection~~ the communication device ~~according to~~ recited in Claim 15.